LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with additional information)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Ludington Mass Transportation Authority Ludington, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority, the "Authority", as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008 as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 24, 2008, on our consideration of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis identified in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's basic financial statements. The additional information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority. The additional information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

November 24, 2008

This section of the Authority's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. This section should be read in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2008, by \$3,841,954. Of this amount, \$969,139 represents net assets which are not invested in capital assets.
- The Authority's total net assets increased by \$375,864. This increase is due to receiving an additional \$687,532 in capital grants compared to last years \$183,794.
- The Authority remained free of long-term debt during the period.
- Federal reimbursement of eligible expenses decreased to 16%.
- State reimbursement of eligible expenses decreased to 36.15% from 38.62%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements of the Authority report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets presents information showing how the Authority's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expense are recorded in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Financial Analysis of the Ludington Mass Transportation Authority

For the year ended September 30, 2008, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,841,954. The Authority is a capital-intensive enterprise, and approximately 75% of the net assets are invested in capital assets. The following is a summary of the Authority's net assets.

Figure A-1 Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	9/30/08		9/30/07		
Assets					
Current	\$	1,055,576	\$	1,083,657	
Non-Current		2,872,815		2,490,355	
	\$	3,928,391	\$	3,574,012	
Liabilities					
Current	\$	86,437	\$	107,922	
Net Assets		<u> </u>	<u></u>	_	
Invested in Capital Assets		2,872,815		2,490,355	
Unrestricted		969,139		975,735	
		3,841,954		3,466,090	
Liabilities and					
Net Assets	\$	3,928,391	\$	3,574,012	

The Authority's net assets increased by \$375,864 in 2008. The following is a summary of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets which show how the \$375,864 increase in net assets occurred.

Figure A-2 Changes in Net Assets from Operating Results

For the year ended September 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	_	2007
Operating Revenue	\$ 253,195	\$	279,592
Operating expenses	 1,591,554	_	1,527,482
OPERATING (LOSS)	 (1,338,359)		(1,247,890)
Taxes Other Nonoperating revenue	246,384 780,307		237,288 807,961
Total Nonoperating revenue	 1,026,691		1,045,249
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	(311,668)		(202,641)
Capital Grants	 687,533		183,794
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$ 375,864	\$	(18,847)

The following table shows 2008 revenue compared to 2007:

Revenues	2008 Amount						 2007 Amount	 2007 Percent Of Total	(D	Increase (Decrease) From 2007	
Operating Revenue Interest Income Property Tax Federal Assistance State Assistance Maintenance Service Revenues Gain on Sale of Assets	\$	253,195 48,305 246,384 202,299 506,932 14,768 8,003		19.78 3.77 19.25 15.81 39.61 1.15 .63	\$ 279,592 51,216 237,288 241,635 504,234 6,765 4,111	21.10 3.87 17.91 18.24 38.06 .52 .30	\$	(26,397) (2,911) 9,096 (39,336) 2,698 8,003 3,892			
Total Revenue	\$	1,279,886		100.00	\$ 1,324,841	 100.00	\$	(44,955)			
Capital Grants Federal State	\$	556,026 131,506		80.87 19.13	\$ 149,435 34,359	 81.31 18.69	\$	406,591 97,147			
Total	\$	687,532		100.00	\$ 183,794	 100.00	\$	503,738			

The federal reimbursement rate decreased to 16.0% for eligible expenditures and the State reimbursement rate decreased to 36.15%.

Operating Expenses

The Authority's expenses may be reviewed in two formats:

Operating Expense by Department – The department describes the major function areas of the Authority and includes:

Operations – Responsible for all on-street services, including operators, dispatchers and schedulers.

Maintenance – Responsible for providing vehicles (including fuel, parts and cleaning) and facilities (upkeep, utilities and rent).

Administration – All other functions including executive direction, planning, marketing, information systems, purchasing and finance.

Depreciation – Estimated pro-ration of the cost of capital assets over the useful life of the asset.

The following table shows the expenses for 2008 compare to 2007 by department:

			2008 Percent			2007 Percent	I	ncrease
Department		2008 mount	Of Total		2007 Amount	Of Total	([Decrease)
•				Φ.				
Operations	\$	787,514	49.48	\$	745,741	48.82	\$	41,773
Maintenance		178,527	11.22		176,534	11.56		1,993
Administration		305,405	19.19		296,649	19.42		8,756
Depreciation		320,108	20.11		308,558	20.20		11,550
Total Expenses	\$ 1	1,591,554	100.00	\$	1,527,482	100.00	\$	64,072

- Operations costs increased due to increased vehicle hours and personnel and wage increases.
- Administration costs increased due to wage increases.

Operating Expense by Object – The object is the classification of expenses by type of item. The following table shows expenses for 2008 compared to 2007 by object:

Object	 2008 Percent 2008 Of 2007 Amount Total Amount			2007 Percent Of Total	(I	ncrease Decrease) rom 2007	
Wages and Benefits	\$ 912,881	57.36	\$	861,506	56.40	\$	51,375
Services	57,041	3.58		72,492	4.75		(15,451)
Supplies and Materials	205,112	12.89		187,015	12.24		18,097
Utilities	39,272	2.47		36,118	2.36		3,154
Casualty and Liability	48,476	3.05		51,428	3.37		(2,952)
Miscellaneous	7,051	.44		8,373	.55		(1,322)
Lease and Rentals	1,613	.10		1,992	.13		(379)
Depreciation	 320,108	20.11		308,558	20.20		11,550
Total	\$ 1,591,554	100.00	\$	1,527,482	100.00	\$	64,072

- Services decreased in 2008 due to not having a reverse commuter grant as in 2007.
- Supplies expenses increased due to higher fuel prices.

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2008, amounted to \$2,872,815 net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets consist of buses, land, buildings, other vehicles, bus and garage equipment and office equipment. Major capital asset acquisitions during 2008 included the following:

- Ten buses \$669,496
- One Service Vehicle \$33,073

Factors Bearing on the Authority's Future

With the current economic condition in the country and especially the State of Michigan, LMTA management anticipates the following:

- Federal Operating assistance is anticipated to be 16% of eligible operating expenses in 2009.
- State operating assistance is anticipated to be 35.84% of eligible operating expenses in 2009. However, due the economic uncertainty in the State of Michigan we expect the operating assistance to be adjusted to 35.62% before the end of the fiscal year.
- As with other employers, the LMTA continues to face increased employee benefit costs. It is safe to anticipate another increase in 2009.
- The LMTA currently belongs to the Michigan Transit Pool and was one of the founding members. The result of belonging to an insurance pool over the last several years has saved the LMTA thousands of dollars in insurance premiums. Unfortunately all members of the pool share in excessive losses and these excessive losses are unpredictable. For several years the MTP self insured for \$1,000,000 and purchased excess insurance for \$4,000,000. Due to world events and 9/11 the reinsurers have raised rates to a point that \$4,000,000 in reinsurance was no longer affordable. To combat the large increase in reinsurance the MTP has decided to self insure for \$2,000,000 and reinsure for \$2,000,000. This decision has increased the cost of insurance to the LMTA. However, the LMTA believes it will save money over purchasing commercial insurance by continuing to purchase insurance through the MTP.

Contacting the Public Transit's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's citizens, taxpayers, and customers with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Ludington Mass Transportation Authority, 5545 W. Carr Street, Ludington, MI 49431.

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		2008	2007		
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash	\$	929,955	\$	977,528	
Receivables:		12.002		12 (0.7	
Accounts Due from Other Governments		13,983 69,676		13,697	
Prepaid expenses		30,372		64,057 17,292	
Inventories		11,590		11,083	
	-			,	
Total Current Assets		1,055,576		1,083,657	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, less accumulated depreciation		2,872,815		2,490,355	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,928,391	\$	3,574,012	
TOTAL AUGETO	Ψ	3,720,371	Ψ	3,371,012	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$	24,027	\$	39,766	
Accrued liabilities:					
Accrued vacation		1,332		1,308	
Payroll withholdings		2,166		1,834	
Salaries and wages		17,437		14,031	
Due to Other Governments		3,601		6,445	
Deferred Revenue		37,874		44,538	
Total Current Liabilities		86,437		107,922	
NET ASSETS:					
Invested in Capital Assets		2,872,815		2,490,355	
Unrestricted		969,139		975,735	
Total Net Assets		3,841,954		3,466,090	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	3,928,391	\$	3,574,012	

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	2008	2007
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 253,195	\$ 279,592
OPERATING EXPENSES	1,591,554	1,527,482
Operating (Loss)	(1,338,359)	(1,247,890)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:	1,026,691	1,045,249
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(311,668)	(202,641)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Federal Financial Assistance State of Michigan	556,026 131,506	149,435 34,359
Total Capital Contributions	687,532	183,794
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS	375,864	(18,847)
TOTAL NET ASSETS, beginning of year	3,466,090	3,484,937
TOTAL NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 3,841,954	\$ 3,466,090

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	2008	2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 252,909 (613,205) (683,805)	\$ 286,392 (556,201) (650,695)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,044,101)	(920,504)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCIAL ACTIVITES:		
Local tax levy received	239,721	219,170
Maintenance service receipts	14,768	6,766
Operating grants received	700,768	731,080
Net cash provided by non-capital financing	955,257	957,016
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(702.560)	(206.026)
Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	(702,569) 8,003	(206,926) 4,111
Capital grants received	687,532	183,794
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(7,034)	(19,021)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACITIVITIES Interest on investments	48,305	51,216
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(47,573)	68,707
CASH, beginning of year	977,528	908,821
CASH, end of year	\$ 929,955	\$ 977,528

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	2008	2007
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,338,359)	\$ (1,247,890)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided		
By operating activities:		
Depreciation	320,108	308,558
Accounts receivable	(286)	6,800
Inventories	(507)	(282)
Prepaid expenses	(13,080)	552
Accounts payable	(15,739)	9,041
Accrued expenses	3,762	2,717
Total adjustments	294,258	327,386
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,011,101)	\$ (920,504)

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Ludington Mass Transportation Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Ludington Mass Transportation Authority is organized as a legal entity pursuant to the Mass Transportation System Authorities Act, Public Act 196. The Transportation Authority has the capability to provide public transportation to the general public in the area of Ludington and Scottville, Michigan, and has the authority to provide this service throughout Mason County. Ludington Mass Transportation Authority does receive city millage for operations, and both City of Ludington and City of Scottville governing bodies appoint Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's financial statements are not included in either the City of Ludington's or the City of Scottville's audit reports. Only Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's operations are included in this report.

In evaluating how to define the Authority for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the Authority and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the Authority and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion for the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Authority is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no associated organizations included in the Authority's reporting entity.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statement (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of revenue, expenses and change in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Authority. The government-wide financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Authority's activities are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide statement of net assets, the business-type activity is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes as long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Authority's net assets are reported in two parts – invested in capital assets and unrestricted net assets. The Authority does not have any outstanding debt obligations.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Authority as an entity and the change in the Authority's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Authority utilizes one enterprise fund to account for its business-type activities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses form *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Deposits and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

The Michigan Political Subdivisions Act No. 20, Public Acts of 1943, as amended by Act No. 217, Public Acts of 1982, states the Authority, by resolution, may authorize investment of surplus funds as follows:

- (1) In bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States in which the principal is fully guaranteed by the United States.
- (2) In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or a savings and loan association, which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; or a credit union, which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration.
- (3) In commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 3 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. Not more than 50% of any fund may be invested in commercial paper at any time.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

- (4) In United States government of Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- (5) In bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- (6) In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the transportation authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets with an initial, individual cost of less than \$5,000 and/or an estimated useful life of less that one year and purchased with Federal and/or State grants are expensed and subtracted out as ineligible on the "Maximum Reimbursement Computations of Local Bus Operating Assistance". Contributed property is stated at fair market value at the date of receipt. Costs relating to maintenance and repairs are charged to expense, whereas those for renewals and betterments, when significant in amount, are capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by an Enterprise Fund is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the balance sheet. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense included to be reimbursed with State Funds only include assets purchased with local funds where the useful life of the asset has been approved by the Bureau of Passenger Transportation. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 years Equipment 2-10 years Buses 4-10 years

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of motor vehicle lubricants and parts are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first out basis. Office supplies are not included in inventories.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Deferred Revenue

The deferred revenue represents taxes received that are not recognized until the following year.

Compensated Absences

The Authority allows the carryover of up to eighty hours of vacation into the next fiscal year for full-time employees who have qualified for the maximum allowable vacation. Carryover of more than eighty hours of vacation time into the next fiscal year is not permitted without the approval of the Board.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Grants

The Authority receives two distinct types of grants from governmental agencies:

Capital grants are used for capital acquisitions.

Operating grants are used to subsidize day-to-day operations and to meet normal expenses of those operations.

Grant funds used to acquire or construct capital assets are recorded as revenues when the associated capital costs are incurred. Grant funds for operating assistance are recorded as revenues when the associated costs are incurred.

Cost Allocation Plans

Ludington Mass Transportation Authority has two cost allocation plans where the methodology has been approved by the Bureau of Passenger Transportation (BPT). Currently, only the Maintenance Services cost allocation plan is needed and used. The cost allocation plan was adhered to in the preparation of the financial statements.

Capital Money

No capital money was used to pay for operating expenses and none are included in the total expenses to be reimbursed with State Formula Funds.

NOTE 2: PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT

Major classes of property and equipment consist of the following:

Business-type activities	Balance 09/30/07]	Increases	 Decreases		Balance 09/30/08
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 100,971	\$		\$ 	\$	100,971
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Buildings	2,265,875					2,265,875
Vehicles	1,223,218		669,496	334,508		1,558,206
Operations	21,550					21,550
Bus and garage equipment	172,038			10,729		161,309
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	141,226		33,073	 17,784		156,515
Total capital assets being depreciated	 3,823,907		702,569	 363,021	_	4,163,455
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	340,676		113,558			454,234
Vehicles	890,167		174,010	334,508		729,669
Operations	7,183		4,310			11,493
Bus and garage equipment	111,582		16,919	10,729		117,772
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	84,915		11,311	 17,784		78,442
Total accumulated depreciation	1,434,523		320,108	 363,021		1,391,610
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 2,389,384					2,771,845
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,490,355				\$	2,872,816

Disposition of assets acquired with Federal and State money require prior approval from the Michigan Department of Transportation.

Capital assets were purchased with two sources of funds as follows:

	chased with authority Funds	 chased with pital Grants	Total		
Land and Buildings	\$ 344,583	\$ 2,022,263	\$	2,366,846	
Vehicles	29,829	1,528,377		1,558,206	
Operations	21,550			21,550	
Bus and garage equipment	26,339	134,970		161,309	
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	 88,836	 67,679		156,515	
	511,137	3,753,289		4,264,426	
Less accumulated depreciation	 137,320	 1,254,290		1,391,610	
Net Property and Equipment	\$ 373,817	\$ 2,498,999	\$	2,872,816	

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Authority are as follows:

Account receivable \$ 13,983

The allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered to be material for disclosure.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

The Authority levies a voter-approved tax for the City of Ludington and City of Scottville. The voters granted the authority to levy up to 0.9254 mills through 2010 for the City of Ludington and up to 1.3200 through 2009 for the City of Scottville. For the year ended September 30, 2008, the Authority requested a millage rate of 0.9000 mills for the City of Ludington and 1.1889 for the City of Scottville. The taxes are levied and due July 1, and become delinquent after August 14. The taxes are collected by the local units of government within the County and are periodically remitted to the Authority through the County during the collection period.

NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$929,955 and the bank balance was \$962,610 of which \$371,998 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$590,661 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The authority has no investments as of September 30, 2008. The authority has the following risk disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk – The authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State statutes authorize the authority to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, saving and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or Nation Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The authority is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above. The authority has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of September 30, 2008, the authority has no investments that meet the above criteria.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The authority places no limit on the amount the authority may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 6: CONTINGENCIES

The State and Federal operating assistance contracts are subject to subsequent audit and adjustment by the State of Michigan. The State audits for fiscal years ended September 30, 2005, 2007 and 2008, either have not commenced or have not been completed.

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Authority carries commercial insurance. Liabilities in excess of insurance coverage, if any, are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

For its property and casualty insurance coverage, the Authority is a participant in a public entity risk pool operated by Michigan Transit Pool which benefits participating transportation authorities. The Authority pays an annual premium for this coverage which provides funds to the Pool to secure specific and excess reinsurance, maintain the Loss Fund, and cover administrative and loss prevention service costs. Should the losses of the Pool, in a given coverage period, exceed the Loss Fund and the aggregate excess reinsurance, the Authority would receive a pro rata assessment for their share of the loss. Premiums are expensed as incurred while excess reserve distributions are recognized as a contra-expense in the year received in accordance with Michigan Department of Transportation guidelines.

NOTE 8: CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, the Authority was reimbursed by the State of Michigan for 38.6208% of their eligible operating expenditures. The percentage is based on budgeted eligible operating expenses for all transits in the state. This percentage is based on budgeted eligible operating expenses for all transits in the state. This percentage will be recalculated after total eligible expenses for all transits are determined based on audited figures.

NOTE 9: PENSION

The Authority has established a Simplified Employee Pension Program for all employees who are at least 21 years of age, received at least \$450 in compensation and have completed one year of service. Ludington Mass Transportation Authority contributes 5% of gross wages of each eligible participant each year. Total pension cost for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$29,489 and \$28,766 respectively. The covered payroll for the year ended September 30, 2008 was approximately \$619,666 and total payroll was \$687,904.

In addition, the Authority has a section 457 plan which allows employees to defer a portion of their wages into individual retirement annuities which are owned by each employee.



LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUES FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	 2008	 2007
Operating Revenues:		
Demand response	\$ 150,079	\$ 149,043
Contracted services	 103,116	 130,549
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 253,195	\$ 279,592

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	Operations	Maintenance	General Administration	Total 2008	Total 2007
Labor:					
Operating salaries and wages	\$ 356,583	\$	\$	\$ 356,583	\$ 339,959
Other salaries and wages	32,780	73,153	137,525	243,458	235,442
Dispatchers salaries and wages	87,526			87,526	78,011
Fringe benefits					
Other fringe benefits	111,033	34,327	50,465	195,825	179,328
Pension	20,378	2,273	6,838	29,489	28,766
Services					
Audit expense			6,525	6,525	6,200
Other services	6,881	14,200	29,435	50,516	41,792
Materials and supplies consumed:					
Fuel and lubricants	129,692	380	2,921	132,993	96,973
Tires and tubes	5,402			5,402	12,873
Other materials and supplies	6,036	52,356	8,325	66,717	77,169
Utilities			39,272	39,272	36,118
Casualty and liability cost:					
Liability and property damage insurance	30,140			30,140	51,428
Other insurance	,		18,336	18,336	, ,
Purchased Services					24,500
Miscellaneous expenses:					
Travel	1,063	225	3,409	4,697	6,505
Association dues and subscriptions	,		2,354	2,354	1,868
Leases and rentals		1,613		1,613	1,992
Depreciation	303,653	6,710	9,745	320,108	308,558
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 1,091,167	\$ 185,237	\$ 315,150	\$1,591,554	\$ 1,527,482

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF NON-OPERATING REVENUES YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	Project Auth.	2008	2007
PROPERTY TAXES		\$ 246,384	\$ 237,288
STATE SOURCES State of Michigan Operating Grants Local Bus Operating Assistance (Act 51)			
Prior year adjustment – 2003			(5,745)
Prior year adjustment – 2004		4,610	9,391
Prior year adjustment – 2005		ŕ	14,658
Prior year adjustment – 2006		14,630	(2,983)
2007		21,729	451,413
2008		465,963	27.500
Reverse Commute			37,500
		506,932	504,234
FEDERAL SOURCES			
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Operating Grant – Section 5311			
Contract 07-0246/Z2	MI-18-X041	41	197,647
Contract 02-0061-Z15/R1		(6,204)	(118)
Contract 02-0061-Z13/R1 Contract 07-0246-Z4	MI-18-X042	205 197	1,398
Contract 07-0240-Z4 Contract 02-0061-Z10	MII-10-AU42	205,187	2,136
Rural Transit Assistance Program	MI-18-X028	3,275	3,071
Reverse Commute	MI-37-X024		37,500
		202,299	241,634
OTHER			
Interest Income		48,305	51,216
Gain on sale of fixed assets		8,003	4,111
Maintenance service		14,768	6,766
		71,076	62,093
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE		\$ 1,026,691	\$ 1,045,249
1011E TOTA OF ERETTING REVERTOR		Ţ 1,0 2 0,071	÷ 1,010,219

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF CAPITAL GRANTS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AND 2007

	Project Auth.	 2008	 2007
State of Michigan capital grants:			
Contract 07-0246-Z3	MI-85-X001	\$ 86,399	\$
Contract 02-0061-Z17	MI-04-0009	45,107	11,093
Contract 02-0061-Z16	MI-18-X040		 23,266
Total State of Michigan capital grants		 131,506	 34,359
Federal capital grants			
U.S. DOT capital grant			
Contract 07-0246-Z3	MI-85-X001	375,597	
Contract 02-0061-Z16	MI-18-X040		93,064
Contract 02-0061-Z17	MI-04-0009	 180,429	 56,371
Total Federal capital grants		 556,026	 149,435
TOTAL CAPITAL GRANTS		\$ 687,532	\$ 183,794

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES BY CONTRACT AND GENERAL OPERATIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

]	RTAP	perations	 Total
Labor	\$		\$ 687,567	\$ 687,567
Fringe benefits			225,314	225,314
Services			57,041	57,041
Materials and supplies			205,112	205,112
Utilities			39,272	39,272
Casualty and liability insurance			48,476	48,476
Purchased services				
Miscellaneous expense		3,275	3,776	7,051
Leases and rentals			1,613	1,613
Depreciation			 320,108	 320,108
	\$	3,275	\$ 1,588,279	\$ 1,591,554

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF NET ELIGIBLE COSTS COMPUTATIONS OF GENERAL OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Section 5311		Operating Assistance	
Expenses:				
Labor	\$	687,567	\$	687,567
Fringe benefits		225,314		225,314
Services		57,041		57,041
Materials and supplies		205,112		205,112
Utilities		39,272		39,272
Casualty and liability insurance		48,476		48,476
Miscellaneous expense		3,776		3,776
Leases and rentals		1,613		1,613
Depreciation		320,108		320,108
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	1,588,279	\$	1,588,279
Less ineligible expenses:				
Depreciation:				
Grant assets		286,603		286,603
Audit fees		6,525		
Maintenance on County vehicles		12,546		12,546
Capital grant expenses not capitalized				
Entertainment expenses		94		94
Dues		93		93
Total ineligible expenses		305,861		299,336
NET ELIGIBLE EXPENSES	\$	1,282,418	\$	1,288,943
Maximum Section 5311 reimbursement 16.00%	\$	205,187		
Maximum State operating Assistance 36.1508% of				
eligible expenses			\$	465,963

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY MILEAGE DATA YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

As required by Michigan Department of Transportation, the following schedule details the mileage data for the year ended September 30, 2008. This supplemental data was not audited and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion on it. However, the methodology used for compiling mileage has been reviewed and found to be an adequate and reliable method for recording vehicle mileage.

	Public Transportation Mileage
DEMAND RESPONSE	
First quarter	93,169
Second quarter	92,170
Third quarter	79,536
Fourth quarter	75,352
TOTAL DEMAND RESPONSE	340,227

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF VEHICLE HOURS AND PASSENGERS

		Passen	igers			
September 30, 2008					Senior	
				Handi-	Handi-	
	Vehicle	Regular	Senior	Capped	Capped	Total
	Hours	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger	Passengers
First Quarter	7,213	19,666	5,583	12,892	1,783	39,924
Second Quarter	7,353	19,383	6,424	12,910	1,054	39,771
Third Quarter	6,803	16,517	6,570	11,984	1,223	36,294
Fourth Quarter	6,577	14,791	6,327	11,570	1,345	34,033
	27,946	70,357	24,904	49,356	5,405	150,022

			Passengers				
September 30, 2007	Vehicle Hours	Regular Passenger	Senior Passenger	Handi- Capped Passenger	Senior Handi- Capped Passenger	Total Passengers	
First Quarter	6,651	20,324	5,528	13,283	1,260	40,395	
Second Quarter	6,849	22,133	5,890	13,168	1,291	42,482	
Third Quarter	6,274	15,634	5,676	12,631	1,225	35,166	
Fourth Quarter	5,801	13,882	5,501	12,364	1,115	32,862	
	25,575	71,973	22,595	51,446	4,891	150,905	



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 24, 2008

To the Board of Directors Ludington Mass Transportation Authority Ludington, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise Ludington Mass Transportation Authority basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which would have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority in a separate letter dated November 24, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Certified Public Accountants



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

November 24, 2008

To the Board of Directors Ludington Mass Transportation Authority St. Ignace, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2008. Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Ludington Mass Transportation Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of directors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Certified Public Accountants

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FEDERAL AND STATE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Federal grantor/Pass through grantor Program title	Federal CFDA Number	State Grantor Number	Program or Award Amount	Beginning Receivable/ (Deferral)	Receipts	Disbursements	Adjustments	Ending Receivable/ (Deferral)
U.S. Department of Transportation								
Passed through MDOT:								
Operating assistance Section 5311	20.509	07-0246/Z4	\$ 205,187	\$	\$ 190,505	\$ 205,187	\$	\$ 14,682
Operating assistance Section 5311	20.509	07-0246/Z2	197,647	14,628	14,669	41		•
Operating assistance Section 5311	20.509	02-0061/Z15/R1	203,404	6,204	-		(6,204)	
Capital Section 53111	20.509	07-0246/Z3	375,597		345,597	375,597		30,000
R-TAP Training	20.509	N/A	3,071	224	3,499	3,275		
Reverse Commute	20.516	02-0246/Z1	37,500	8,676	8,676			
Capital Grant Section 5309	20.500	02-0061/Z16	93,064					
Capital Grant Section 5309	20.500	02-0061/Z17	316,800	12,000	192,429	180,429		
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 594,591	\$ 41,732	\$ 755,375	\$ 764,529	\$ (6,204)	\$ 44,682
Michigan Department of Transportation								
Operating assistance Act 51		2008	\$ 465,963	\$	\$ 469,564	\$ 465,963	\$	\$ (3,601)
Operating assistance Act 51		2007	451,413	(6,183)	5,182	21,729	Ψ	10,364
Operating assistance Act 51		2006	101,115	13,649	13,649	14,630		14,630
Operating assistance Act 51		2005		(262)	262	,		,
Operating assistance Act 51		2004		,	4,610	4,610		
Reverse Commute		07-0246/Z1	37,500	8,676	8,676	,		
Capital grants		07-0246/Z3	86,399	·	86,399	86,399		
Capital grants		02-0061/Z17	56,200		45,107	45,107		
TOTAL STATE OF MICHIGAN								
ASSISTANCE			\$ 523,272	\$ 15,880	\$ 633,449	\$ 638,438	\$	\$ 21,393

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

NOTES:

- 1. Basis of presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the grant activity of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and reconciles with the amounts presented in the preparation of the basic financial statements.
- 2. Transportation Operating and Capital Assistance Grant, CFDA #20.509 was audited as a major program, representing 75.9% of expenditures.
- 3. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 4. Federal expenditures are reported as revenue as follows in the basic financial statements:

Non – Operating Revenue	\$ 202,299
Capital Contributions	556,026
Adjustment for prior year revenues	6,204
Total Federal Awards	\$ 764,529

5. Ludington Mass Transportation Authority was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial statements Type of auditors' report issued: Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Material weakness(es) identified: Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? ____ Yes X None reported ___ Yes X No Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Material weakness(es) identified: Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? ____Yes X None reported Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major Unqualified programs: Any audit finding disclosed that are required to be reported with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program CFDA Number(s) 20.509 Transportation Operating and Capital Assistance Grant Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A \$300,000 and type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

LUDINGTON MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Financia	1 Statement	Andit

None



November 24, 2008

Board of Directors Ludington Mass Transportation Authority Ludington, MI

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Ludington Mass Transportation Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Ludington Mass Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions in the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Governmental Unit's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Governmental Unit's internal control.

Our consideration of internal controls was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

During our audit, we noted the following control deficiencies:

Personal Use of Automobile

The contract for the Executive Director allows personal use of an Authority vehicle. The personal use needs to be tracked and calculated. The compensation amount then needs to be added to his W-2. This calculation is not currently being completed and the Authority is under reporting the compensation of the Executive Director.

Check Signing

It is the policy of the Authority to have two signatures on all checks issued over \$250. During a test of the disbursement process we noted a check issued over \$250 that only had one signature. The employees must observe internal control policies enacted by the Authority while performing their everyday tasks.

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